Errata

Year 11 Mathematics B, A Graphics Calculator Approach

Despite considerable effort to make the text error-free, some errors have weasled their way into the textbook. The ones we know are listed below. Please email Rex Boggs at rboggs@bigpond.net.au if you find others, so we can keep this list up-to-date.

Chapter 7

7H.2, Q7bThe percentage error is greater.

7H.2, Q7cThe Rule is not very accurate for larger interest rates.

Chapter 8

page 255

The definition of a polynomial is clearer if it reads in part "...and the indices, n, n-1, ..., 1, 0 are non-negative whole numbers."

Answers

8C.1, Q4c $x + 3, x \neq 4$ 8C.1. Q4e 3x - 2 for $x \neq -\frac{3}{2}$

8C.2, Q1p $\frac{x^8}{81} - \frac{2x^6}{27} + \frac{x^4}{6} - \frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{1}{16}$

8F Q1c $3(25-20x+4x^2)$, which probably is 'simpler' in its factored form, $3(5-2x)^2$.

8F Q5b(i) $16-23x+9x^2-x^3$

Chapter 9

page 285, Example 9.2, part (b) solution

The range is {3.30, 5.50, 7.70, 8,80, 9.90, ..., 31.9}

Answers

9C, Q7 24 days. There is 40 days supply left with **30** horses. With **50** horses the food is eaten at a

rate $\frac{5}{3}$ faster, so the supply will last for $40 \times \frac{3}{5}$ days.

9D.1 Q4 $(x-2)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 25$

9D.2 Q3d $(x+4)^2 + y^2 = 18$

Chapter 10

Answers

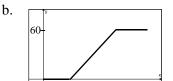
10A Q1h 2.3652×10^9

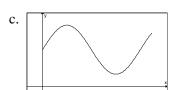
Parts are (a) and (b), not (a) and (c).

The car travels with a constant velocity of 30 km per hour for 4 minutes.

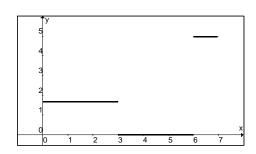
10C Q13a-c these are examples only.







10C Q15a



Chapter 11

Page 330

In the first table, the last two *x*-values are out of order.

page 348, Exercise 11G, Question 4

The question defies the law of gravitational attraction. Further, the velocity and acceleration are both zero at time t = 0. Change the function to $h = 45t - 5t^2$. The answers then are:

a.
$$\frac{dh}{dt} = 45 - 10t$$

b. The rocket reaches its maximum height of 101.25 metres after 4.5 seconds.

Answers

the answers are for Q3.

Chapter 12

page 370, Exercise A, Question 2a(i)

Should be 57.8° (i.e. to the zero power), not 57.8 degrees.

Answers

Section A, Q2c(ii)
$$\frac{t^2}{3s^4}$$